```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1
/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xmlns:v="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:vml" >
<head>
        <title>Test Cascading Style Sheets - Test set-up.</title>
<!-- Use this page to test your knowledge of CSS Styles.  Change or add properties and
values, save and then see the results in your own Browser -->
        <style type="text/css">
body
{
width:650px;
color: black;
background-color: #ccffff;


}
h1
{       text-align:center;
        color:red;
        font-weight:bold;
        font-size:130%;
        }
h2                              /* Only h1 and h2 specified in this test sheet, h3, h4 will
be browser default */
{       text-align:center;
        font-style:italic;
        font-size:120%;
        }
#intro
{
        text-align : center;
        color : navy;
        font: italic bold 110% Arial, sans-serif;
        }
.margin
{       margin:    0 15px 0 15px;
        }  /* shorthand =top right bottom left */
.emph
{       margin: 0 10px 0 10px;
        color: teal;
        font: normal lighter  Times,serif;
        }
.small
{       font:italic lighter 90% Times,serif;
        }
</style>
</head>

<body>

<h1>TESTING  CSS  STYLES</h1>
<p ID="intro">This paragraph uses style ID=intro: center aligned with font
specifications.<br />NOTE that the background color is specified in the "body" element
and applies to the entire screen. However, width is specified 650px for easy printing,
so all text on the page is arranged to fit in this width. </p>
<p>This paragraph has no special style, Default values apply to all properties.</p>
<p class="margin">This paragraph has left and right margins of 15px. NOTE shorthand
specification of margins in the following order: top right bottom left. If only two
numbers are given, then first number is top and bottom, second number is left and
right. Example: 0 10;  would specify left and right margins of 10px, top and bottom
margins are 0.</p>

<div class="emph"><!-- NOTE: all elements within division will use values specified in
.emph -->
<h2>HOW TO TEST</h2>
```

```
<p>You may download this page "csstest1.html" to your own computer hard-drive, so that
you can experiment with Style properties and values. Change some values  and see how
the appearance changes on your screen. Open the page in a plain-text editor, such as
"Notepad", which is included with the Microsoft Windows operating system, or one of the
better text editors, such as the free <a href="http://notepad-plus-plus.org/">Notepad++
</a>. <br />Change some values, then use "Save As" to save with a different name, such
as "csstest2.htm" You can then open the page with your browser and see how the changes
you made look on the screen.<br />If it doesn't work, or doesn't look like you wanted,
don't despair! Carefully check for any typing errors. Style specifications are very
sensitive - even a misplaced comma can prevent them from working properly. </p>
<p class="small">To download a file to your computer, in most browsers click on "File"
in the top bar, then select "Save As" and follow instructions. It is best to set up a
special folder for downloading such files, otherwise they are hard to find when you
need them. <span style="color:red;">Warning! Make sure your Anti-virus software is
working and up-to-date before you download <i>any</i> file to your computer!</span>.<br
/>
To open a file in most browsers you use [Control][O], then browse through the folder in
which you saved the revised document, and select it. It will then appear on your
screen.  </p>
</div>
<p span style="color:red;"><b>Please send your comments and questions to <a
href="mailto:syrenab@bizland.com">syrenab@bizland.com</a>. Put CSS in the subject line
and your questions will be answered promptly.</b><br />
Return to the <a href="http://biega.com/css2.html">  article "css2.html" </a>
</p>
</body>
</html>
```